ORIGINAL

By Fax

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15		
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17	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA
18	COUNTY OF I	OS ANGELES
19	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,	Case No BC 6 4 8 0 4 0
20	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR EQUITABLE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES FOR
21	· . ·	VIOLATIONS OF:
22	V.	(1) California Business & Professions
23	MACY'S, INC., a Delaware Corporation, and DOES 1-10, inclusive,	Code §§ 17200, <i>et seq</i> . (Unfair Competition Law); and
24	Defendants.	(2) California Business & Professions
25		Code §§ 17500, <i>et seq.</i> (False Advertising Law).
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27 ^N	D FEE GOVI CODES SEC. 6183	
28	D FEE GOVI CODES SEC. THE PURSUANT AOUNT RECOVERABLE PURSUANT D 8102.5 GC \$ 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
.1	THE PARTY BECOMES A JUDGEMENT CREDITOR	1 - COMPLAINT FOR EQUITABLE RELIEF

เริกเซียงกับ

The People of the State of California ("People") allege the following against Defendant Macy's, Inc. ("Macy's"):

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. The People bring this civil law enforcement action against Macy's to address the unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business practice commonly referred to as "false reference pricing." "False reference pricing" is the act of misrepresenting the original or regular price of some good that is purportedly offered at a "sale price," a business practice that Macy's engages in to increase sales. To illustrate, Macy's may advertise a necklace for \$30, representing that this constitutes a 75% discount off of its "regular" price of \$120, even though Macy's did not previously sell the necklace at this purported "regular" price.
- 2. Retailers employ false reference pricing because it misleads consumers into believing they are "getting a good deal," thereby increasing sales. The United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit succinctly stated: "Most consumers have, at some point, purchased merchandise that was marketed as being 'on sale' because the proffered discount seemed too good to pass up. Retailers, well aware of consumers' susceptibility to a bargain, therefore have an incentive to lie to their customers by falsely claiming that their products have previously sold at a far higher 'original' price in order to induce customers to purchase merchandise at a purportedly marked-down 'sale' price. Because such practices are misleading—and effective—the California legislature has prohibited them." *Hinojos v. Kohl's Corp.*, 718 F.3d 1098, 1101 (9th Cir. 2013).
- 3. Macy's has engaged in false reference pricing as a frequent business practice, thereby misleading consumers. In fact, the People's investigation has uncovered that Macy's use of false reference prices applies to thousands of products. While the private plaintiffs' bar has actively pursued retailers, including Macy's, for false reference pricing, it has been unable to curb this industry practice. It is, therefore, incumbent on the People to take action,

In addition to the instant action, the People are contemporaneously filing similar actions against J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc., Kohl's Department Stores, Inc., and Sears Holdings Management Corporation and Sears, Roebuck & Co. in the Los Angeles County Superior Court. The People anticipate submitting notices of related cases, and thereafter requesting that all of these matters be coordinated.

and the People respectfully request this Court's assistance to protect Californians from such misleading and deceptive business acts and practices.

II. THE PARTIES

- 4. The People bring this civil law enforcement action by and through Michael N. Feuer, the Los Angeles City Attorney, pursuant to statutory authority provided under California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq. ("Unfair Competition Law") and 17500, et seq. ("False Advertising Law").²
- 5. Macy's is a publicly-traded Delaware corporation (NYSE: M), with its principal executive offices in Cincinnati, Ohio. According to its 2015 Annual Report (for the fiscal year ending January 30, 2016) filed with the U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission, Macy's sells a wide range of merchandise, including apparel and accessories (men's, women's and children's), cosmetics, home furnishings, and other consumer goods.
- 6. The true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 10, inclusive, are unknown to the People. The People therefore sue these Defendants by such fictitious names. When the true names and capacities of these Defendants have been ascertained, the People will seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint to insert in lieu of such fictitious names the true names and capacities of the fictitiously-named Defendants. The People are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that these Defendants participated in, and in some part are responsible for, the illegal acts alleged herein. Each reference in this Complaint to Macy's is also a reference to all Defendants sued as Does.
- 7. Whenever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or omission of Macy's, such reference shall be deemed to mean that Macy's officers, directors, employees, agents, and/or representatives did, ratified, or authorized such act or omission while actively engaged in the management, direction, or control of the affairs of Macy's, or while acting within the course and scope of their duties.

COMPLAINT FOR EQUITABLE RELIEF
, AND CIVIL PENALTIES

- 3 -

All further references are to California codes, unless otherwise noted.

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 8. Whenever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or omission of Defendants, such reference shall be deemed to mean the act or omission of each Defendant acting jointly and severally.

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. Venue is proper in Los Angeles County, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17204, because the violations alleged in this Complaint occurred in the City and County of Los Angeles. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Article VI, section 10 of the California Constitution and section 393 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 10. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Macy's because: (i) a substantial portion of the wrongdoing alleged in this Complaint took place in the State of California, (ii) Macy's is authorized to do business in this state, (iii) Macy's has sufficient minimum contacts with this state, and/or (iv) Macy's otherwise intentionally avails itself of the markets in this state through the promotion, marketing, and sale of its products in this state, thus rendering this Court's exercise of jurisdiction permissible under traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

IV. MACY'S - COMPANY PROFILE

- 11. Macy's, one of the largest retailers in the United States, directly markets its merchandise to consumers in the City of Los Angeles, across the State of California, and throughout the nation via its e-commerce website (www.macys.com) and other mediums.
- 12. In 2015 alone, Macy's invested \$1.5 billion on gross advertising and promotional costs.
- 13. Macy's marketing strategies have proven to be successful. In 2015, Macy's and its affiliates grossed over \$27 billion in total net sales. In addition, Macy's website now has an average of over one million visitors daily. However, Macy's success has, in significant part, been the product of unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent marketing and advertising practices.

14. Macy's misleading and deceptive false price advertising scheme has played a major role in Macy's overall marketing and business strategy, and Macy's has leveraged its marketing expertise and technology to perpetrate a false price advertising scheme of massive proportions to the detriment of California consumers.

V. FALSE REFERENCE PRICING - AN OVERVIEW

- 15. A retailer's "reference price," the stated price presented alongside the retailer's "on sale" price, provides consumers a reference point with which to evaluate the prospective purchase. The reference price is often described with terms such as "Regular Price," "Original Price," "Former Price," and/or "List Price."
- 16. A retailer's reference price impacts the consumer's behavior in the marketplace. As the reference price increases, so does the consumer's perception of the value of the transaction, the consumer's willingness to make the purchase, and the amount of money the consumer is willing to pay for the product.
- 17. When the reference price is bona fide and truthful, it helps consumers make informed purchasing decisions. In contrast, consumers are harmed when merchants advertise their products alongside falsely-inflated former prices, *i.e.*, "false reference prices," as consumers are provided a false sense of value. In this situation, the reference price is no longer informative but deceptive because consumers are deprived of a full and fair opportunity to accurately evaluate the specific sales offer in its relevant market.
- 18. The hidden nature of false discount pricing makes it effective. Consumers, unaware of the practices at issue, instead complete their purchases feeling like they "got a good deal." In addition, retailers make falsely-discounted sales without suspicion because consumers do not have access to the comprehensive historical pricing information necessary to reveal the fraud.
- 19. Beyond the adverse impact upon consumers' welfare, the practice of employing false reference pricing also negatively affects the integrity of competition in retail markets. A retailer's use of false reference prices constitutes an unfair method of competition, injuring honest competitors that sell the same or similar products, or otherwise compete in the

same market, using only valid and accurate reference prices.

- 20. Over the past forty years, a substantial body of research on the effects of reference prices (also referred to in the relevant literature as "advertised reference prices," "external reference prices," and "comparative prices") shows that reference prices: (i) impact consumers' perceptions of the value of the sales deal; (ii) impact consumers' willingness to make the purchase; and (iii) decrease consumers' intentions to search for a lower price. Consumers form an "internal reference price," also known as an "expected price," an "aspirational price" (a price the consumer would like to pay), or a "normative price" (a price that is "fair"). Consumers store and retrieve the "internal reference price" from memory to judge the merits of a specific price offer. Even where an advertised reference price is exaggerated and not itself completely believed, perceptions of value increase in comparison to a promotion with no advertised reference price. Thus, retailers' use of reference prices influences consumers' "internal reference price," and subsequently, increase consumers' willingness to purchase the product.
- 21. As a result of its effectiveness as a marketing practice, the use of false reference prices has proliferated recently, in both frequency and in degree. See, e.g., David A. Friedman, Reconsidering Fictitious Pricing, 100 Min. L. Rev. 921, 923 (2016).

VI. SPECIFIC LAWS RELATING TO FALSE REFERENCE PRICING

- · 22. Under California law, "[n]o price shall be advertised as a former price of any advertised thing, unless the alleged former price was the prevailing market price...within three months next immediately preceding the publication of the advertisement." CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17501.
- 23. With respect to sales to consumers, California law prohibits "[m]aking false or misleading statements of fact concerning reasons for, existence of, or amounts of price reductions." CAL. CIV. CODE § 1770(a)(13).

VII. MACY'S ENGAGES IN DECEPTIVE ADVERTISING

24. Macy's creates an illusion of savings by engaging in false reference pricing.

25. Macy's intends that customers will perceive that its reference prices actually stand for former prices regularly charged by Macy's.

26. Macy's deliberately and artificially sets the false reference prices high so that customers feel that they are getting a bargain when purchasing products. Macy's also prominently advertises that its false discounts are being offered for only a limited time in order to create a false sense of urgency and to mislead customers that they will miss out on the purported markdowns if they do not buy the products immediately.

27. For example, on May 20, 2016, Macy's first offered for sale online a "Giani Bernini Large Cross Pendant Necklace in Sterling Silver," a Macy's exclusive in-house product, as shown in the screenshot below:

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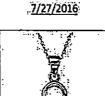
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Giani Bernini Large Cross Pendant Necklace in Sterling Silver, Only at Macy's Web ID: 2850723



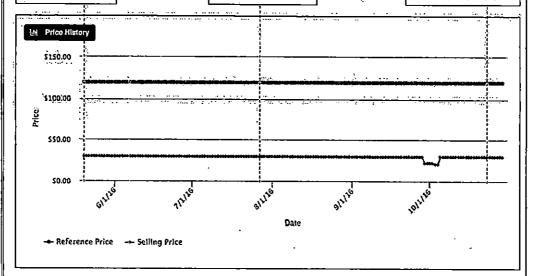




Orig: \$120,00 Nov \$30,00

EXTRA 15% OFF BONUS VALUE \$250 Giani Bernini Large Cross Pendant Neodace in Sterling Silver, Only at Macy's Örig: \$120.00 Novy 920.00 FREE SHIP AT \$50 : BONUS VALUE \$250

Orig. \$120.00 Now \$30.00 FREE SHIP AT \$25



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On the first day Macy's offered this item for sale online, it was advertised 28. with an "original" price of \$120 and a "sale" price of \$30.

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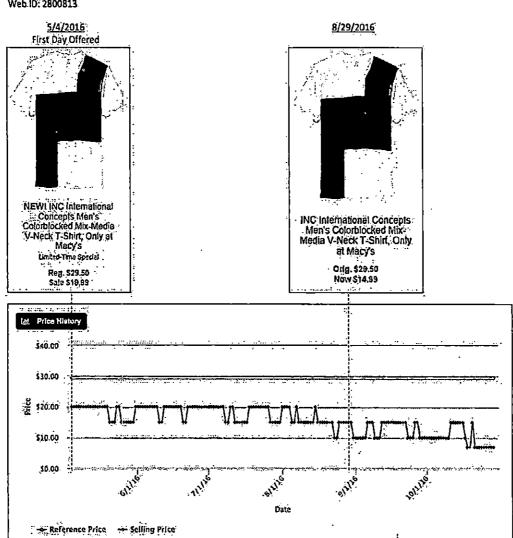
However, the purported "original" price of \$120 was a false reference price. As reflected in the screenshot and price history chart above, Macy's did not offer the item for sale online for more than \$30, even though the item was consistently advertised with a

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 purported "original" price of \$120.

Another example is an "INC International Concepts Men's Colorblocked 30. Mix-Media V-Neck T-Shirt," another Macy's exclusive in-house product, which Macy's first offered for sale online on May 4, 2016, as shown in the screenshot below:

INC International Concepts Men's Colorblocked Mix-Media V-Neck T-Shirt, Only at Macy's Web ID: 2800813



31. On the first day Macy's offered this item for sale online, it was advertised with a "regular" price of \$29.50 and a "sale" price of \$19.99, which was purportedly a "Limited-Time Special" offer.

- 32. However, the purported "regular" or "original" price of \$29.50 was a false reference price. As reflected in the screenshot and price history chart above, Macy's did not offer the item for sale online for more than \$19.99. In addition, the \$19.99 "sale" price was not a "limited time" offer. In fact, as time went on, the price of the item actually decreased through additional false discounts. On August 29, 2016, for example, Macy's offered the item at a "sale" price of \$14.99, falsely advertising an even larger discount from the \$29.50 false reference price.
- 33. A third example is an "Alfani Men's Concord Plaid Long-Sleeve Shirt, Classic Fit," another Macy's exclusive in-house product, which Macy's first offered for sale online on May 6, 2016, as shown in the screenshot below:

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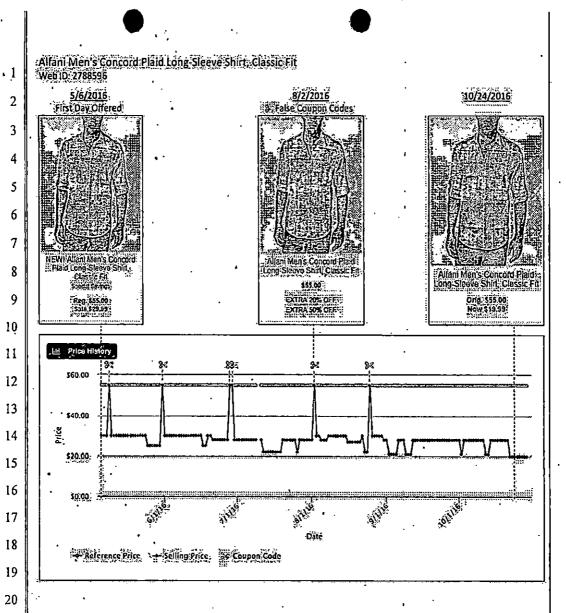
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34. On the first day Macy's offered this item for sale online, it was advertised with a "regular" price of \$55 and a "sale" price of \$29.99.

35. However, the purported "regular" or "original" price of \$55 was a false reference price. As the screenshot and price history chart above shows, the only times that Macy's offered to sell the item at the purported "regular" price of \$55 was when Macy's also offered a coupon code that provided additional discounts. On August 2, 2016, for example, Macy's offered the item for a price of \$55, but at the same time Macy's offered coupon codes for an "Extra 50% Off" plus an "Extra 20% Off," such that customers buying the item that day would

not pay the \$55 purported "regular" price.

VIII. ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY

(Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. and 17500, et seq.)

- 36. Business and Professions Code section 17200 defines "unfair competition" as "any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice," and any act prohibited by Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 17500) of Part 3 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code.
- 37. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17206 and 17536, any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition or false advertising shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation.
- 38. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17206.1, in addition to any liability for a civil penalty pursuant to section 17206, any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition against senior citizens or disabled persons may be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation.
- 39. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17203 and 17535, any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition or false advertising may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction, and the court may make such orders or judgments to prevent the use of any practice which constitutes unfair competition or false advertising, or as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any money or property which may have been acquired by means of such unfair competition or false advertising.
- 40. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17205 and 17534.5, the remedies or penalties provided for violation of the Unfair Competition Law and False Advertising Law are cumulative to each other and to the remedies or penalties available under all other laws of the state.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW ("UCL") AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq.)

- 41. The People incorporate by reference all preceding allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 42. Defendants Macy's and Does 1 through 10, and each of them, have violated (and continue to violate) the UCL by engaging in the following <u>unlawful</u> business acts and practices:
- a. Advertising merchandise (sold by Macy's) with a listed former price even though the purported former price was not the prevailing market price within the three-month period immediately preceding the publication of those advertisements, in violation of Business and Professions Code section 17501; and
- b. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts of price reductions as to the merchandise sold by Macy's, in violation of Civil Code section 1770(a)(13).
- 43. Defendants Macy's and Does 1 through 10, and each of them, have violated (and continue to violate) the UCL by engaging in the following *unfair* business acts and practices:
- a. Engaging in false reference pricing in connection with the merchandise that Macy's sold (and continues to sell) such that California consumers (who could not have reasonably avoided such predatory schemes) are substantially injured, something that serves no benefit to consumers or competition; and
- b. Engaging in false reference pricing in connection with the merchandise that Macy's sold (and continues to sell) such that Defendants gain an unfair advantage over lawfully-competing retailers.
- 44. Defendants Macy's and Does 1 through 10, and each of them, have violated (and continue to violate) the UCL by engaging in the following *fraudulent* business acts

and practices: using misrepresentations, deception, and/or concealment of material information in connection with the reference prices of merchandise that Macy's sold (and continues to sell), such that California consumers and other members of the public in California are likely to be deceived.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF FALSE ADVERTISING LAW ("FAL")

AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Business & Professions Code §§ 17500, et seq.)

- 45. The People incorporate by reference all preceding allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 46. The FAL prohibits unfair, deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising in connection with the disposal of personal property (among other things), including, but not limited to, false statements as to worth, value, and former price.
- 47. Defendants Macy's and Does 1 through 10, and each of them, have committed acts of untrue and misleading advertising by engaging in false price referencing as to the merchandise that Macy's sold (and continues to sell). In addition, these Defendants made such untrue or misleading advertisements with the intent to dispose of said merchandise.
- 48. The false reference pricing that is the subject of this Complaint was (and continues to be) likely to deceive members of the public.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, the People pray that:

- 1. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17203, 17204, and 17535, in addition to the equitable powers of this Court, Defendant Macy's and Does 1 through 10, inclusive, together with their officers, directors, employees, servants, agents, representatives, contractors, partners, and associates, and all persons acting on behalf or in concert with them, be enjoined from engaging in the unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business acts and practices, and false advertising, as described in this Complaint in violation of the UCL and the FAL;
- 2. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17206 and 17536, all Defendants be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of \$2,500 for each violation of the UCL and

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		CM-010					
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar nu Michael N. Foucr, City Attorney (SBN 1115)	mber, and eddress):	FOR COURT USE ONLY					
Office of the Los Angeles City Attorney	29)						
200 North Main Street, 500 City Hall East		DIXTO					
Los Angeles, California 90012	(212) 020 0111	FILED					
TELEPHONE NO.: (213) 978-8097 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): The People of The State	FAX NO.: (2:13) 978-8111	Superior Court of California					
		County of Los Angeles					
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LO	l see it is a l						
STREET ADDRESS: 111 North Hill Street MAILING ADDRESS: Same		DEC 0.8 2016					
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Ángeles 90012		9 11 0					
BRANCH MANE: Stanley Mosk Courtho	use.	Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk					
CASE NAME:	· ·	Deputy , Deputy					
The People of the State of California	v: Macv's, Inc.	Judi Lara					
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER:					
✓ Unlimited Limited		BC 6 4 8 0 4 0					
(Amount (Amount	Counter Joinder						
demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defend	lant JUDGE:-					
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DÉPT:					
	w.must be completed (see instructions o	on page 2).					
1. Check one box below for the case type that							
Auto Tort,		Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3,400–3,403)					
Auto (22)	E Sicion of Commercial (Copy						
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)					
Other Pl/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)					
Asbestos (04)	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)					
Product liability (24)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)					
Medical malpractice (45)	Real Property Eminent domain/Inverse	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)					
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case					
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)					
Business tort/unfair business practice (07)	Other real property (26)	Enforcement of Judgment					
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)					
Defamation (13)		Miscellaneous Civil Complaint					
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)					
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified ebove) (42)					
Professional negligence (25)	Level at a Constant	Miscellaneous Civil Petition					
Other non-Pl/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forteiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)					
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)					
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	Cuter pention (not operation above), (45)					
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)						
2. This case 🗸 is 🗌 is not comp	lex under rule 3.400 of the California Ru	iles of Court, If the case is complex, mark the					
factors requiring exceptional judicial manag							
a. Large number of separately repres	· — ~	r of witnesses					
b. Extensive motion practice rais ng d		with related actions pending in one or more courts					
issues that will be time-consuming	— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lies, states, or countries, or in a federal court					
c. 🛂 Substantial amount of documentar	y evidence f. Substantial po	ostjudgment judicial supervision					
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a.[monetary b. nonmonetary; c	declaratory or injunctive relief 🧠 C. 🔛 punitive					
4. Number of causes of action (specify): 2	•	•					
5. This case is is is not a class	s action suit.						
. 6. If there are any known related cases, file ar	nd serve a notice of related case. (You r	may use form CM-015.)					
Date: December 7, 2016		1000.					
Michael J. Bostrom		(i) () 15t					
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		GNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)					
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the fit	NOTICE rst paner filed in the action or proceeding	or (except small claims cases or cases filed					
under the Probate Code, Family Code, or V	Velfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rul	es of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result					
in sanctions.		1					
• File this cover sheet in addition to any cove	r sheet required by local court rule.	u must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all					
 If this case is complex under rule 3,400 et s other parties to the action or proceeding. 	sed, or file damortha Kriles of Cont. You	nimar serve a cohă or mus covet suser ou an					
Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case. This cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.							
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use		Page 1 of 2 Cal Rules of Court, rules 2:30, 3:220, 3:400-3:403, 3:740;					
Judicial Council of Catifornia CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]	CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Cal., Standards of Judicial Administration, std. J.10 www.courtinto.ca.gov					
	,						

ORIGINAL

By Fax

Sports The People of the State of California v. Macy's, Inc.

CASE NUMBER:

BC 6 48 0 4 0

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Cocal Rule 23 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.

Step 1v After completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet (Vidicial Council form CM-010), find the exact case type in:
Column A that corresponds to the case type indicated in the Civil Case Cover Sheet.

Step 2: in Column B. theck the box for the type of action that best describes the nature of the case:

Step 3: in column Greicle the number which explains the reason for the court filing location you have chosen:

Applicable Reasons for Choosing Court Filing Location (Column C)

- 1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse. Central District:
- 2: Permissive illing in central district:
- 3. Localion where cause of addon grose,
- 4. Mandalory personal injury fling in North District.
- 5. Localion where performance required or defendant resides
- 6. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle:

- 7. Location where politioner resides.
- 8. Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly.
- 9-Location where one of more of the parties reside.
- 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office:

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if Manuatory ming location (Hup Cores — Unlawful detainer) limited non-collection, limited collection; repersonal injury).

	Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons See Step 3 Above
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Auto	:Uninsured Motorist (46)	D .A7A10; Rerséfiat injüryiPfoperly.Damage.Wiong(ur.Death, -Uninsuled Molodist):	7,4,11
≱ r±	ASSESSOS (04)	î⊡ :A6070: A5bestos Property,Damage: '⊡ rA7221: Asbestos ⊭Personal Injung/Wrongful,Oeath:	1/1 1/1
Propei ath To	Product Liability (24).	A7,260 Product Liability (not as bestos of toxicle) A7,260 Production (not as bestos of toxicle)	1,4-11
ialinjury/ ongful De	Medical Malpractice (45) □ :A7210: Medical Malpractice (45) □ :A7240: Quite::Professional		11,4,41 11,4,11
Other Personal Inury/Property Damage Wrongful Death Tort	:Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrong(Ul Death (23)	່ ລ້າ A7250: Premises Liablity (e.g., stip and latt): '□ ·A7230: Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assaut, varidalism, etc.) '□ ·A7270: Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress: '□ ·A7220: Other Personal Injury/Property/Damage/Wrongful Death:	1,4,11 154,11 154,11 154,11

LACIV 109 (Rev.2/16) LASC Approved 03-04

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CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.3 Page 1 of 4

LACIV 709 (Rev-2/16)

VND STATEMENT OF COCATION

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er ·	Janana ((e)	(ກໍຍົມວົດສຳມີຍກວ່າຫ້າຍ,ຂະບາຍັນໄດ້ກໍ) ໂອໂຊາສາກາກລວ-າຄດໂອເລີບໃນໃໝ່ສູ້ກໍບໍ່ ເຊີ່ງປີລີລະ 🖸	(i.;'9	
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		্র ১৮৪০,১৪ ত্রান্ট্র Breach of Contract/Warranty (not negligence)	g≓z?l.	
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	The Reople of the State of	Galliot Has v. Mac v. 5, 116.	jan aininininin
	A. CNII Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action: (Check only one):	C Applicable Reasons, See Step Abova
	:Asset Forfeiture (05)	🗅 :A6[08] Assel Eorfeiture Case	23,6
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Judīciāļ Review.	. Writ of Mandate (02)	Ci: A6151 WhitAdministrative Mandamus Ci: A6152 WhitMandamus on Limited Count Case Matter Ci: A6153 WhitOther Limited Count Case Review	2,8 2 2
	. Other Judicial Review (39)	பு .A6150; Other Writ Mudicial Review	2,8
Ë	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	ட் .Á6003: Antitrost/Trade:Regulation	1,72,78
) Tigatic	Construction Defect (10)	白 :A6007 'Construction Defecti	1.23
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Claims involving Mass:Tort	ம்கமை மாமாய் சட்டிய நார்க்கிற நார்க்கிற நிரைப்பட்டிய மார்க்கிற நிரைப்பட்டும்.	1.2,3
y. Çom	Securities Litigation (28)	D(A6035) Securites Lingalion Case	1,2,8
Sional	Toxio Tori Environmenta (30)	C). A6036. Tokic TorvEnvironmental	1.23.8
Provide Control	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	D; A60(4: Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only).	1 ₂ 2,5,8
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement:	A6141 Sister:State:Judgment: A6160 Abstractof:Judgment: A6160 Abstractof:Judgment: A6107 Cönfession of:Judgment (non-domestic relations) A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) A6140 Periody Centificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax A6112 Other Entry of Judgment Case	2.6 2.6 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8
	RIÇO (27)	☐ A6033: Räckëteëring (RICO) Case	1.2.8
Miscellaneous. Civil Complaints	tÖffner Complaints: (Not Specified Above) (42)	A6030: Declaratory Relief Only: A6030: A6040: Injunctive Relief Only (not/domestic/harassment): A6011: Other Commercial Complaint Casts (non-torthon-complet) A6000: Other Civil Complaint (non-torthon-complex)	1,1248 2,18 11,1248 4,12,18
	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	Q! A5113: Pannership and Corporale Covernance Case	2,8
Miscellaneous, COVII Petitions	Minimumini Öther Pelitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	C. A6121, Civil Harassmehl A6123, Workplace Harassmehl A6123, Workplace Harassmehl A6124, Elder/Qependent Adult Abuse Gase A6129, Election Contest A6130, Patition for Change of Name/Change of Qender. A6170, Patition for Relief from Lale Claim Kaw A6100, Other Coll Patition.	2.3.9 2.3.9 2.3.9 2.3.7 2.3.8

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Step:4: Statement of Reason; and Address: Check the appropriate boxes for the numbers shown under Column Of or the type of action that you have selected. Enter the address which is the basis for the filling location; including zip code. (No. address required for class action cases).

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Step 5: Certification of Assignment: I certify that this case is properly filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Cos Angeles (Code Civ. Proc., \$392 et sed), and Local Rule 2.3(3)(1)(E)).

Dated December 7, 2016



PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint of Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- 4. Civil clase Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Localion form, LAC(V-109, LASC Approved 03:04 (Rev. \02/15).
- .5. Payment in full of the filling fee sunless there is court order for waiver, partial or scheduled payments.
- (6) Assigned order appointing the Guardian ad Litem Audicial Sound I form GIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Sound in order to issue assummons:
- 7. Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.

LAC(V.109 (Rev.2/16)

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

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