To: 5102675739 From: Cheryl Porter 1-30-17 4:10pm p. 5 of 15 FILED BY FAX ALAMEDA COUNTY January 31, 2017 1 WORKMAN LAW FIRM, PC **CLERK OF** Robin G. Workman (Bar #145810) THE SUPERIOR COURT 2 robin@workmanlawpc.com By Alicia Espinoza, Deputy 177 Post Street, Suite 900 CASE NUMBER: 3 San Francisco, CA 94108 RG17847573 Telephone: (415) 782-3660 4 Facsimile: (415) 788-1028 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Michelle Yoshioka on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated 6 7 8 9 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 10 COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 11 12 No. MICHELLE YOSHIOKA, on behalf of herself and 13 all others similarly situated, COMPLAINT 14 Plaintiff, Unlimited Civil Case 15 The Amount Demanded Exceeds VS. \$25,000 16 JOHNSON CONTROLS, INC., BOBBY BAINS 17 and Does 1 through 50, inclusive, 18 Defendants. 19 Plaintiff Michelle Yoshioka ("Yoshioka" or "Plaintiff"), hereby alleges as follows: 20 This action alleges Defendant Johnson Controls, Inc. (hereinafter "JCI") and 1. 21 Defendant Bobby Bains (hereinafter "Bains"), collectively referred to as Defendants, engaged 22 in the following illegal activities: (1) JCI discriminated against Plaintiff on the basis of her sex 23 in violation of California Government Code section 12940(a) by engaging in a course of 24 conduct intentionally designed to discriminate against Plaintiff on the basis of her sex; (2) 25 Defendants harassed Plaintiff on the basis of her sex in violation of California Government 26

Code section 12940(j) by engaging in a course of conduct intentionally designed to harass Plaintiff on the basis of her sex; (3) JCI failed to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent

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COMPLAINT

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-	discrimination and harassment from occurring in the workplace in violation of California
	Government Code section 12940(k); (3) JCI retaliated against Plaintiff in violation of
	California Government Code section 12940(h) because Plaintiff made complaints about the
	discriminatory and harassing actions of Defendants, by, including but not limited to
	climinating Plaintiff's position while she was on stress leave due to the intolerable
	circumstances she suffered as a result of the discrimination, harassment, and retaliation, which
	culminated in Plaintiff's work place becoming so intolerable, that she had no choice but to
	resign, resulting in her constructive wrongful termination effective December 2, 2016; and (4)
	JCI wrongfully terminated Plaintiff in retaliation for Plaintiff making complaints about the
	discriminatory and harassing actions of Defendant, in violation of California Government Code
	section 12940. Said discharge was unlawful and in violation of public policy, article I, section
	8, of the California Constitution, and California Government Code section 12940 because said
	discharge was in retaliation for Plaintiff complaining about discriminatory and harassing
	actions.
	2. Plaintiff is, and at all times herein mentioned was, a resident of the State of
	California. Plaintiff worked for Defendant in the San Francisco Bay Area, reporting to a

- dent of the State of ea, reporting to a physical office in Hayward, California throughout her employment.
- JCI is, and at all relevant times was, doing business in the State of California 3. and is an employer under applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Orders. Bains is, and at all times herein mentioned was, a resident of the State of California.
- The names and capacities of defendants sued herein under California Code of 4. Civil Procedure section 474 as Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are presently not known to Plaintiff, who therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek to amend this Complaint and include these Doe defendants' names and capacities when they are ascertained. Each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the conduct alleged herein and for the injuries suffered by Plaintiff.
- At all times mentioned in the causes of action alleged herein, each and every 5. Defendant was an agent and/or employee of each and every other Defendant. In doing the

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things alleged in the causes of action stated herein, each and every Defendant was acting within the course and scope of this agency or employment and was acting with the consent, permission and authorization of each of the remaining Defendant. All actions of each Defendant as alleged in the causes of action stated herein were ratified and approved by every other Defendant or their officers or managing agents.

- During her employment, Plaintiff was the subject of discriminatory and 6. harassing commentary and treatment by Bains, a manager employed by JCI, due to her sex. Plaintiff also experienced and heard commentary in the workplace directed toward other women by Bains that reflected bias against and discriminatory and harassing treatment toward women in the workplace. In addition to the commentary, Bains took actions that were discriminatory and harassing toward Plaintiff, and women in general, including, but not limited to, refusing to work with women, refusing to acknowledge women in meetings, refusing to include women on team emails, refusing to inform women of necessary information so that they could do their job, and showing discriminatory and harassing materials at the workplace.
- Plaintiff and other female employees complained about the discriminatory and 7. harassing actions Bains took toward Plaintiff and other women. JCI took no action to stop the behavior until after Plaintiff's termination. When Plaintiff complained about Bain's behavior, she was told that unless she found another position in the company, her employment would terminate. After she reported Bains' behavior, Plaintiff was also subject to retaliation that ultimately resulted in her work environment becoming so intolerable that her treating physician recommended that she go out on stress leave. When Plaintiff was on leave due to the behavior of Bains and JCI's failure to stop the behavior, JCI decided to eliminate Plaintiff's position. Given JCI failed to take any action to stop the conduct of which Plaintiff complained, or protect Plaintiff, and instead retaliated against Plaintiff, Plaintiff's workplace became intolerable, resulting in her constructive wrongful termination in that she had no choice but to resign.
- After Plaintiff complained about the discriminatory and harassing treatment 8. toward Plaintiff and the other women, JCI eliminated Plaintiff's position, and Plaintiff was

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terminated.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Sex Discrimination: Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12940(a))

(Against JCI only)

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the foregoing 9. paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- At all times material hereto, Plaintiff was an employee covered by California 10. Government Code section 12940, prohibiting discrimination in employment based on sex.
- 11. JCI was, at all times material hereto, an employer within the meaning of California Government Code section 12926(d), and as such, is barred from discriminating on the basis of sex.
- During her employment, Plaintiff alerted JCI of the discriminatory actions taken 12. and statements made by Bains regarding her sex. JCI took no action to respond to the complaints.
- JCI discriminated against Plaintiff on the basis of her sex in multiple violations 13. of California Government Code section 12940 by engaging in a course of conduct intentionally designed to discriminate against Plaintiff on the basis of her sex. This conduct culminated in JCI's elimination of Plaintiff's position and unlawful, discriminatory termination of Plaintiff on or about December 2, 2016.
- As a proximate result of JCI's discrimination, Plaintiff suffered and continues to 14. suffer substantial losses and in earnings, bonuses, deferred compensation and other employment benefits, and has suffered and continues to suffer embarrassment, anger, humiliation, frustration and other highly unpleasant mental anguish all in an amount according to proof.
- Plaintiff filed a timely charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and 15. wrongful termination with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH") and, on or about December 9, 2016, received a timely notice of the right to sue in California Superior Court pursuant to California Government Code section 12965(b), permitting Plaintiff

to bring this action. Therefore, Plaintiff exhausted all of her administrative remedies. Plaintiff filed an amended charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination with the DFEH on January 23, 2017, and received a timely notice of the right to sue.

16. JCI, in doing the acts and failing to do the acts as herein alleged, acted maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, and in conscious disregard of said Plaintiff's rights. In addition, JCI abused its position of authority and ratified the discriminatory conduct of its employees. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from JCI, in an amount according to proof. As a result of JCI's discriminatory acts as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit as provided by California Government Code section 12965(b).

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Sex Harassment: Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12940(j)) (Against both Defendants, JCI and Bains)

- 17. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 18. At all times material hereto, Plaintiff was an employee covered by California Government Code section 12940, prohibiting harassment in employment based on sex.
- 19. JCI was, at all times material hereto, an employer within the meaning of California Government Code section 12926(d), and as such, is barred from discriminating on the basis of sex.
- 20. During her employment, Bains engaged in harassing conduct toward Plaintiff, and other women at JCI, due to their sex. Plaintiff complained regarding the harassing actions taken and statements made by Bains regarding her sex and women in general. Until after Plaintiff's termination, JCI took no action to respond to the complaints.
- 21. Defendants harassed Plaintiff on the basis of her sex in multiple violations of California Government Code section 12940 by engaging in a course of conduct intentionally designed to harass Plaintiff on the basis of her sex. This conduct culminated in JCI's elimination of Plaintiff's position and unlawful, discriminatory termination of Plaintiff on or about December 2, 2016.

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	22.	As a proximate result of Defendants' harassment, Plaintiff suffered and
continue	es to su	affer substantial losses and in earnings, bonuses, deferred compensation and
other en	ıployn	nent benefits, and has suffered and continues to suffer embarrassment, anger,
humiliat	tion, fr	ustration and other highly unpleasant mental anguish all in an amount according
to proof	, -	

- 23. Plaintiff filed a timely charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH") and, on or about December 9, 2016, received a timely notice of the right to sue in California Superior Court pursuant to California Government Code section 12965(b), permitting Plaintiff to bring this action. Therefore, Plaintiff exhausted all of her administrative remedies. Plaintiff filed an amended charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination with the DFEH on January 23, 2017, and received a timely notice of the right to sue.
- 24. Defendants, in doing the acts and failing to do the acts as herein alleged, acted maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, and in conscious disregard of said Plaintiff's rights. In addition, Defendants abused their positions of authority by engaging in, and ratifying, the harassing conduct directed toward Plaintiff and other women at JCI. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from Defendants, in an amount according to proof. As a result of Defendants' harassing acts as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit as provided by California Government Code section 12965(b).

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Retaliation: Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12940(h)) (Against JCI only)

- 25. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 26. During her employment, Plaintiff alerted JCI to multiple incidents of harassing and discriminatory practices by Bains toward herself and other women within the company because of their sex. Rather than addressing these complaints, JCI retaliated against Plaintiff,

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eliminated her position, and made her working conditions so intolerable that she had no choice but to resign, resulting in her constructive wrongful termination.

- JCI discriminated against Plaintiff on the basis of her sex and in retaliation for her complaints regarding the discriminatory and harassing practices against women that she witnessed during her employment, in violation of California Government Code section 12940(h) by engaging in a course of conduct intentionally designed to discriminate against and harass Plaintiff on the basis of her sex in retaliation for Plaintiff making complaints about the discriminatory actions of Defendants, including but not limited to the conduct culminating in JCI eliminating Plaintiff's position and engaging in conduct so intolerable that it resulted in her constructive wrongful termination on or about December 2, 2016.
- Plaintiff filed a timely charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and 28. wrongful termination with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH") and, on or about December 9, 2016, received a timely notice of the right to sue in California Superior Court pursuant to California Government Code section 12965(b), permitting Plaintiff to bring this action. Therefore, Plaintiff exhausted all of her administrative remedies. Plaintiff filed an amended charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination with the DFEH on January 23, 2017, and received a timely notice of the right to sue.
- The foregoing conduct caused Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress. 29. Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer pain, loss of sleep, discomfort, anxiety, anger, frustration and other emotional distress, and will continue to suffer said emotional distress in the future in an amount according to proof.
- As a proximate result of Defendants' retaliation against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has 30. suffered and continues to suffer losses in earnings and other employment benefits and has suffered and continues to suffer embarrassment, anger, humiliation, frustration and other highly unpleasant mental anguish all to her damage in an amount according to proof.
- JCI, in doing the acts and failing to do the acts as herein alleged, acted 31. maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, and in conscious disregard of said Plaintiff's rights. In addition, JCI ratified the retaliatory

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conduct of its employees. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from JCI, according to proof. As a result of JCI's retaliatory acts as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit as provided by California Government Code section 12965(b).

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Failure To Take Steps To Prevent Discrimination and Harassment: Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12940(k))

- 32. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 33. During her employment, Plaintiff alerted JCI to multiple incidents of harassing and discriminatory practices committed by Bains toward herself and other women within the company because of their sex. In addition, Plaintiff reported to JCI the retaliation she suffered as a result of making complaints about Bains' behavior. Rather than addressing these complaints, JCI eliminated Plaintiff's position and engaged in actions that caused her employment circumstances to become so intolerable that she had no choice but to resign, resulting in her constructive wrongful termination.
- 34. At all relevant times herein, JCI failed to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent discrimination, harassment, and retaliation from occurring, in violation of California Government Code section 12940(k).
- 35. JCI discriminated and harassed Plaintiff on the basis of her sex and in retaliation for her complaints regarding the discriminatory and harassing practices against women that she witnessed during her employment, in violation of California Government Code section 12940 by engaging in a course of conduct intentionally designed to discriminate and harass Plaintiff on the basis of her sex and in retaliation for Plaintiff making complaints about the discriminatory and retaliatory actions of Defendants, including but not limited to the conduct culminating in JCI's decision to eliminate Plaintiff's position and her constructive wrongful termination that occurred on or about December 2, 2016. By engaging in this conduct, JCI failed to take action to provide a workplace free of harassment and discrimination.

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36. Plaintiff filed a timely charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH") and, on or about December 9, 2016, and received a timely notice of the right to sue in California Superior Court pursuant to California Government Code section 12965(b), permitting Plaintiff to bring this action. Therefore, Plaintiff exhausted all of her administrative remedies. Plaintiff filed an amended charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination with the DFEH on January 23, 2017, and received a timely notice of the right to sue.

- 37. The foregoing conduct caused Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress.

 Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer pain, loss of sleep, discomfort, anxiety, anger, frustration and other emotional distress, and will continue to suffer said emotional distress in the future in an amount according to proof.
- 38. As a proximate result of JCI's failure to take action to prevent harassment, discrimination and retaliation against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer losses in earnings and other employment benefits and has suffered and continues to suffer embarrassment, anger, humiliation, frustration and other highly unpleasant mental anguish all to her damage in an amount according to proof.
- 39. JCI, in doing the acts and failing to do the acts as herein alleged, acted maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, and in conscious disregard of said Plaintiff's rights. In addition, JCI abused its position of authority and ratified the discriminatory, harassing, and retaliatory conduct of its employees. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from JCI, according to proof. As a result of JCI's failure to take actions to stop the discriminatory, harassing, and retaliatory acts as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit as provided by California Government Code section 12965(b).

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COMPLAINT

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Wrongful Termination In Violation Of Public Policy - Article I, section 8, of the California Constitution)

- 40. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 41. On or about December 2, 2016, JCI eliminated Plaintiff's position. By engaging in the harassing, discriminatory, and retaliatory actions alleged, and failing to provide Plaintiff a workplace free of harassment and discrimination, JCI created a workplace that was so intolerable that Plaintiff had no choice but to resign, resulting in her constructive wrongful discharge. Said discharge was unlawful and in violation of public policy, article I, section 8, of the California Constitution, and California Government Code section 12940 because said discharge was in retaliation for Plaintiff's complaints about discrimination, harassment directed toward her and other women in the workplace, due to their sex, and retaliation because of Plaintiff's complaints about the discrimination, harassment, and retaliation because of her complaints.
- 42. The foregoing conduct did in fact cause Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress. Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer pain, loss of sleep, discomfort, anxiety, anger, frustration and other emotional distress, and will continue to suffer said emotional distress in the future in an amount according to proof.
- 43. As a proximate result of JCI's wrongful termination against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer substantial losses incurred in earnings, bonuses, deferred compensation and other employment benefits and has suffered and continues to suffer embarrassment, anger, humiliation, frustration and other highly unpleasant mental anguish all to her damage in an amount according to proof.
- 44. JCI, in doing the acts and failing to do the acts as herein alleged, acted maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, and in conscious disregard of said Plaintiff's rights. In addition, JCI abused its position of authority and ratified the discriminatory, harassing, and retaliatory conduct of its employees. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from JCI, according to proof.

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45. Plaintiff filed a timely charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and 1 wrongful termination with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH") and, 2 on or about December 9, 2016, and received a timely notice of the right to suc in California 3 Superior Court pursuant to California Government Code section 12965(b), permitting Plaintiff 4 to bring this action. Therefore, Plaintiff exhausted all of her administrative remedies. Plaintiff 5 filed an amended charge of discrimination, harassment, retaliation and wrongful termination 6 with the DFEH on January 23, 2017, and received a timely notice of the right to sue. 7 8 9 PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows: 10 For an award of general damages in an amount according to proof, plus interest 11 1. thereon at the legal rate; 12 For an award of punitive damages in an amount according to proof; 2. 13 3. For special damages, including lost wages, in an amount according to proof, 14 15 plus interest thereon at the legal rate; 4. For costs of suit incurred herein; 16 17 5. For an award of attorneys' fees, and; 6. For such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. 18 19 JURY DEMAND 20 Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury. 21 22 23 WORKMAN LAW FIRM. #C Date: January 30, 2017 24 25 By: 26 Attorneys for Plaintiff Michelle Yoshioka, and all others similarly situated 2.7

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