Case 1:19-cr-00099-DKW-KJM Document 673 Filed 12/08/22 Page 1 of 43 PageID.4439

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FILED IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF HAWAII

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Attorneys for Plaintiff UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF HAWAII

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

VS.

MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro,"	(01)
	(00)
JOHN B. STANCIL,	(02)
DELIA FABRO-MISKE,	(12)
JASON K. YOKOYAMA,	(13)
DAE HAN MOON,	(05)
aka "Dayday,"	
PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and	(06)
JARRIN K. YOUNG,	(11)

CR. NO. 19-00099-DKW THIRD SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

[18 U.S.C. §§ 229(a)(1), 229(a)(2), 924(c)(1)(A), 1201(a)(1), 1201(c), 1344(2), 1512(c)(2) 1951, 1958, 1959(a)(1), 1959(a)(5), 1959(a)(6), 1962(d), and 21 U.S.C. § 846] Case 1:19-cr-00099-DKW-KJM Document 673 Filed 12/08/22 Page 2 of 43 PageID.4440

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Defendants.

THIRD SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges:

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Count 1 Racketeering Conspiracy (18 U.S.C. § 1962(d))

Overview of the Miske Enterprise

1. At all times relevant to this Third Superseding Indictment, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DELIA FABRO-MISKE, JASON K. YOKOYAMA, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, and others known and unknown, were members and associates of a criminal organization (hereinafter the "Miske Enterprise"). Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise operated principally under the direction and protection of MISKE, who used his power over members and associates of the Miske Enterprise, his reputation for violence in the community, and the various corporate entities under his control to enrich the members and associates of the Miske Enterprise and to protect their criminal activities.

Among the corporate entities that were part of the Miske Enterprise 2. and used to promote the ends of the Miske Enterprise was a company named Kama'aina Termite and Pest Control Inc., or "KTPC." KTPC provided some legitimate termite and pest control services, but also served as a headquarters for the planning of criminal activities, the laundering of illicit proceeds, and the fraudulent "employment" of individuals whose "work" consisted of engaging in acts of violence or fraud on behalf of the Miske Enterprise. The unlawful activities of the Miske Enterprise also facilitated KTPC's legitimate business operations: the Miske Enterprise, and its members and associates, used violence and the threat of violence to silence customers who complained about, and business competitors and government regulators who pointed out, KTPC's slipshod service and disregard of applicable rules and regulations. At all times relevant to this Third Superseding Indictment, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, was the de facto owner of KTPC, although at different times, the names of other persons were used to conceal or obscure MISKE's control of KTPC.

3. KTPC, as well as other corporate entities of which MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, was the de facto owner, were members of the Miske Enterprise. Other corporate entities that were part of the Miske Enterprise and used to promote the ends of the Miske Enterprise included Oahu Termite & Pest Control, Inc., Kama'aina Holdings LLC, Hawaii Partners, LLP, Kama'aina Plumbing and Home Renovations, Kama'aina Energy, LLC (formerly Kama'aina Solar Solutions), Makana Pacific Development LLC, Leverage, Inc., and the Encore Nightclub (formerly the M Nightclub).

4. The Miske Enterprise, including its leadership, membership, and associates, constituted an "enterprise" as that term is defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1961(4), that is, a group of individuals and entities associated in fact. The Miske Enterprise was engaged in, and its activities affected, interstate and foreign commerce. The Miske Enterprise operated within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere and constituted an ongoing organization whose members and associates functioned as a continuing unit for a common purpose of achieving the objectives of the Miske Enterprise.

Purposes of the Miske Enterprise

5. The purposes of the Miske Enterprise included the following:

a. enriching the members and associates of the Miske Enterprise through, among other things, (i) engaging in business practices that increased the profits of businesses controlled by the Miske Enterprise, but that ran afoul of applicable rules and regulations; (ii) the collection of extensions of credit by extortionate means; (iii) various forms of fraud, including a cash payroll scheme, a

false certified payroll scheme, fraudulent change orders, a fraudulent scheme relating to representations about proper licensing, fraudulent fumigation practices, bank fraud, and creating false documents for use in federal criminal proceedings; (iv) employment tax evasion schemes; (v) the concealment of income from the Internal Revenue Service through the filing of false federal tax returns; (vi) extortion; (vii) robbery; (viii) narcotics trafficking; (ix) money laundering; and (x) illegal structuring of cash transactions;

b. preserving and protecting the power and financial profits of the Miske Enterprise through intimidation, violence, and threats of physical and economic harm;

c. promoting and enhancing the Miske Enterprise and the activities of its members and associates;

d. placing victims and potential victims in fear of the Miske Enterprise and its members and associates by (i) causing and threatening to cause economic harm and (ii) committing and threatening to commit physical violence; and

e. protecting the Miske Enterprise and its members and associates from detection and prosecution by law enforcement authorities through acts of intimidation and violence against potential witnesses to crimes committed by

members and associates of the Miske Enterprise.

Means and Methods of the Miske Enterprise

6. Among the means and methods employed by the members and associates of the Miske Enterprise in conducting and participating in the conduct of the affairs of the Miske Enterprise were the following:

a. To protect and expand the Miske Enterprise's business and criminal operations, members and associates of the Miske Enterprise committed acts involving murder and assault against, and threatened and intimidated, persons who engaged in activity that jeopardized (i) the power and criminal activities of the Miske Enterprise; (ii) the power of leaders of the Miske Enterprise; and (iii) the flow of criminal proceeds to the Miske Enterprise. At times, members and associates of the Miske Enterprise conducted surveillance, using tracking devices and other means, of persons they viewed as a threat to the interests of the Miske Enterprise.

b. Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise generated income for the Miske Enterprise through, among other things, (i) the collection of extensions of credit by extortionate means; (ii) various forms of fraud, including a cash payroll scheme, a false certified payroll scheme, fraudulent change orders, a fraudulent scheme relating to representations about proper licensing, fraudulent

fumigation practices, and bank fraud; (iii) employment tax evasion schemes; (iv) extortion; (v) the concealment of income from the Internal Revenue Service through the filing of false federal tax returns; (vi) robbery; (vii) narcotics trafficking; (viii) money laundering; and (viii) illegal structuring of cash transactions.

c. Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise also generated income for the Enterprise through, among other things, business practices that increased the profits of businesses controlled by the Miske Enterprise, but that ran afoul of applicable rules and regulations. Among other things, members and associates of the Miske Enterprise committed and facilitated violations of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), Title 7, United States Code, Section 136, by using Vikane, chloropicrin, and other regulated pesticides and chemicals in a manner inconsistent with their labeling. At certain times, when the Hawaii Department of Agriculture inquired into possible violations of FIFRA, members and associates of the Miske Enterprise used false writings and statements, and other fraudulent means, to impair, impede, and frustrate these inquiries.

d. Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise obtained, possessed, and used firearms.

e. Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise used various techniques to avoid law enforcement scrutiny of the Miske Enterprise's criminal activities. Among other things, members and associates of the Miske Enterprise used multiple cellular telephones for the discussion of particular criminal activities, used encrypted communication applications and devices when discussing criminal activities in an effort to thwart potential law enforcement eavesdropping, attempted to thwart potential law enforcement eavesdropping by engaging in "in-person" meetings to discuss criminal activities, received payments for criminal activity in cash, and falsified records and made false representations to both law enforcement and regulatory agencies.

f. Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise committed acts of intimidation and made threats as a means of deterring and punishing any potential witnesses to their crimes and in connection with protecting the Miske Enterprise and its members and associates from detection and prosecution by law enforcement authorities.

g. Members and associates of the Miske Enterprise created false documents, altered authentic documents, and applied forged signatures to such documents in connection with allowing the Miske Enterprise to continue operating in the event law enforcement authorities arrested members of the Miske Enterprise.

Among other things, members and associates of the Miske Enterprise used email accounts to both alter documents and create entirely new, false documents attesting to MISKE's good character and distributed such falsified documents to MISKE's counsel so that MISKE's counsel would submit them to a federal judge for consideration in deciding whether to grant MISKE pretrial release during the pendency of any federal criminal proceedings against MISKE.

The Racketeering Conspiracy

7. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about the late 1990s, up to and including in or about June 2020, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DELIA FABRO-MISKE, JASON K. YOKOYAMA, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, and others known and unknown, being persons employed by and associated with the Miske Enterprise, which was engaged in, and the activities of which affected, interstate and foreign commerce, willfully and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to violate the racketeering laws of the United States, namely, Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962(c), that is, to conduct and participate, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of the affairs of the Miske Enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, as that term is defined in Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1961(1) and 1961(5), consisting of multiple:

a. acts involving murder, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701, 707-701.5, 705-500, 705-501, 705-510, and 705-520;

b. acts involving kidnapping, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-720, 705-500, 705-501, 705-510, and 705-520;

c. acts involving arson, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 708-8251, 708-8252, 708-8253, 705-500, 705-501, and 705-520;

d. acts involving robbery, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 708-840, 708-841, 705-500, 705-501, and 705-520;

e. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1958 (relating to use of interstate commerce facilities in the commission of murder-forhire);

f. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 229 (relating to chemical weapons);

g. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions);

h. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1952 (relating to racketeering);

i. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or extortion);

j. offenses involving the felonious trafficking of controlled substances, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841, 843, and 846;

k. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 (relating to wire fraud);

1. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents);

m. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud);

n. acts indictable under the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act, in violation of Title 31, United States Code, Section 5324;

o. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956 (relating to the laundering of monetary instruments);

p. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1957 (relating to engaging in monetary transactions in property derived from specified unlawful activity); q. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice); and

r. acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant).

8. It was a part of the conspiracy that MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DELIA FABRO-MISKE, JASON K. YOKOYAMA, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, each agreed that a conspirator would commit at least two acts of racketeering in the conduct of the affairs of the Miske Enterprise.

Special Sentencing Factors

9. On or about July 30, 2016, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, and others known and unknown, did murder, that is, intentionally and knowingly cause the death of Johnathan Fraser, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes § 707-701.5, and did aid and abet the same.

10. In or about 2016, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, and DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," the defendants, did attempt to murder, that is, intentionally and knowingly attempt to cause the death of another person ("Victim-1"), in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701.5, 705-500, and 705-501, and did aid and abet the same.

11. On or about May 23, 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, did attempt to murder, that is, intentionally and knowingly attempt to cause the death of another person ("Victim-2"), in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701.5, 705-500, and 705-501, and did aid and abet the same.

12. From a precise date unknown, but by at least July 2014, and continuing to on or about July 22, 2014, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, did knowingly and intentionally combine, conspire, confederate, and agree with other persons known and unknown, to distribute and possess with intent to distribute 5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers, a Schedule II controlled substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1), 841(b)(1)(A), and 846.

13. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about 2016, and continuing to at least in or about August 2018, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, did knowingly and intentionally combine, conspire, confederate, and

agree with each other and other persons known and unknown, to distribute and possess with intent to distribute controlled substances, namely: (1) 500 grams or more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers, a Schedule II controlled substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A); and (2) five kilograms or more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1), 841(b)(1)(A), and 846.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962(d).

Count 2 Murder in Aid of Racketeering (18 U.S.C. § 1959(a)(1))

14. At all times relevant to this Third Superseding Indictment, the Miske Enterprise, as more fully described in paragraphs 1 through 6, which are realleged and incorporated as though fully set forth herein, including its leadership, membership, and associates, constituted an "enterprise" as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(b)(2), that is, a group of individuals and entities associated in fact that was engaged in, and the activities of which affected, interstate and foreign commerce. The Miske Enterprise constituted an ongoing organization whose members functioned as a continuing unit for a common purpose of achieving the objectives of the Enterprise.

At all times relevant to this Third Superseding Indictment, the Miske 15. Enterprise, through its members and associates, engaged in racketeering activity, as defined in Title 18. United States Code, Sections 1959(b)(1) and 1961(1), that is, acts involving murder, kidnapping, arson, and robbery, that are chargeable under Hawaii Revised Statutes and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1958 (relating to use of interstate commerce facilities in the commission of murder-for-hire), 229 (relating to chemical weapons), 894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), 1952 (relating to racketeering), 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or extortion), 1343 (relating to wire fraud), 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), 1956 (relating to the laundering of monetary instruments), 1957 (relating to engaging in monetary transactions in property derived from specified unlawful activity), 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), and 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), offenses involving the felonious trafficking of controlled substances, in violation of Title 21, United

States Code, Sections 841(a), 843, and 846, and acts indictable under the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act, in violation of Title 31, United States Code, Section 5324.

16. On or about July 30, 2016, within the District of Hawaii, for the purpose of maintaining and increasing position in the Miske Enterprise, an enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, and others known and unknown, did intentionally and knowingly murder Johnathan Fraser, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes § 707-701.5, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1959(a)(1) and 2.

Count 3 Conspiracy to Commit Murder in Aid of Racketeering (18 U.S.C. § 1959(a)(5))

17. Paragraphs 14 and 15 of this Third Superseding Indictment are realleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.

18. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about March 2016 and continuing to on or about July 30, 2016, within the District of Hawaii, for the purpose of maintaining and increasing position in the Miske Enterprise, an enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, and others known and unknown, did willfully, intentionally, and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other and others to murder Johnathan Fraser, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701.5 and 705-520.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(a)(5).

Count 4 Murder-for-Hire Conspiracy Resulting in Death (18 U.S.C. § 1958)

19. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about March 2016 and continuing to on or about July 30, 2016, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, and others known and unknown, did willfully and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to use and cause another to use a facility of interstate commerce, with intent that a murder be committed in violation of the laws of a State, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and agreement to pay a thing of pecuniary value, namely, MISKE agreed with others to pay cash and other things of pecuniary value in exchange for the murder of Johnathan Fraser, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701 and 707-701.5, which arrangements depended in part upon communications by cellular telephones operating on interstate networks, and which resulted in the death of Fraser on or about July 30, 2016.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1958.

<u>Count 5</u> Kidnapping Using a Facility of Interstate Commerce Resulting in Death (18 U.S.C. § 1201(a)(1))

20. On or about July 30, 2016, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, did unlawfully and willfully seize, confine, inveigle, decoy, kidnap, abduct, carry away, and hold for ransom, reward, and otherwise any person, namely, Johnathan Fraser, and in committing or in furtherance of the commission of the offense did use a means, facility, and instrumentality of interstate commerce, that is, cellular telephones operating on interstate networks, and which resulted in the death of Fraser on or about July 30, 2016, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1201(a)(1) and 2.

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Count 6 Conspiracy to Commit Kidnapping Using a Facility of Interstate Commerce (18 U.S.C. § 1201(c))

21. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about March 2016 and continuing to on or about July 30, 2016, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, and others known and unknown, did willfully and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to unlawfully and willfully seize, confine, inveigle, decoy, kidnap, abduct, carry away, and hold for ransom, reward, and otherwise another person, namely, Johnathan Fraser, which conspiracy would and did use a means, facility, and instrumentality of interstate commerce, that is, cellular telephones operating on interstate networks.

22. In furtherance of the conspiracy, and to effect the object thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed within the District of Hawaii:

a. In or about March 2016, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, instructed a co-conspirator not charged herein ("CC-1") to develop a plan for kidnapping and murdering Johnathan Fraser, and told CC-1 that he/she could name the price for carrying out the murder. b. In or about June 2016, MISKE arranged for the purchase of a

Boston Whaler vessel that could be used to dump Fraser's body into the ocean after Fraser was kidnapped and killed.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1201(c).

Count 7 Murder-for-Hire Conspiracy (18 U.S.C. § 1958)

23. In or about 2016, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, and DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," the defendants, and others known and unknown, did willfully and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to use and cause another to use a facility of interstate commerce, with intent that a murder be committed in violation of the laws of a State, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and agreement to pay a thing of pecuniary value, namely, MISKE offered thousands of dollars in payment to STANCIL and MOON in exchange for their agreement to murder, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701 and 707-701.5, another person, namely, Victim-1, whom MISKE suspected of cooperating with law enforcement, which arrangements

depended in part upon communications by cellular telephones operating on interstate networks.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1958.

Count 8 Assault and Attempted Murder in Aid of Racketeering (18 U.S.C. §§ 1959(a)(3) and 1959(a)(5))

24. Paragraphs 14 and 15 of this Third Superseding Indictment are realleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.

25. On or about May 23, 2017, within the District of Hawaii, for the purpose of maintaining and increasing position in the Miske Enterprise, an enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, did intentionally and knowingly attempt to murder another person, namely, Victim-2, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-701.5, 705-500, and 705-501, and did intentionally and knowingly commit assault with a dangerous weapon of Victim-2, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-710 and 707-711, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1959(a)(3), 1959(a)(5), and 2.

<u>Count 9</u> Carrying and Using a Firearm During and in Relation to a Crime of Violence (18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A)(iii))

26. On or about May 23, 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, did knowingly carry and use at least one firearm during and in relation to a crime of violence for which they may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, namely, the attempted murder and assault with a dangerous weapon in aid of racketeering charged in Count 8 of this Third Superseding Indictment, which firearm was discharged, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A)(iii) and 2.

Count 10 Conspiracy to Commit Assault in Aid of Racketeering (18 U.S.C. § 1959(a)(6))

27. Paragraphs 14 and 15 of this Third Superseding Indictment are realleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.

28. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about the late 1990s and continuing to in or about 2018, within the District of Hawaii, for the purpose of maintaining and increasing position in the Miske Enterprise, an enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, and others known and unknown, did willfully, intentionally, and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other and others to commit assault with a dangerous weapon and assault resulting in serious bodily injury, in violation of Hawaii Revised Statutes §§ 707-710 and 707-711.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(a)(6).

<u>Count 11</u> Conspiracy to Commit Kidnapping Using a Facility of Interstate Commerce (18 U.S.C. § 1201(c))

29. In or about October 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and PRESTON M. KIMOTO, the defendants, and others known and unknown, did willfully and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to unlawfully and willfully seize, confine, inveigle, decoy, kidnap, abduct, carry away, and hold for ransom, reward, and otherwise another person ("Victim-3"), which conspiracy would and did use a means, facility, and instrumentality of interstate commerce, that is, cellular telephones operating on interstate networks.

30. In furtherance of the conspiracy, and to effect the object thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed within the District of Hawaii:

a. On or about October 17, 2017, two co-conspirators not charged herein (the "CCs"), acting on the instructions of MICHAEL J. MISKE, aka "Bro," the defendant, kidnapped Victim-3 in Honolulu, Hawaii and restrained him/her in their vehicle.

b. On or about October 17, 2017, while Victim-3 was restrained,
PRESTON M. KIMOTO, the defendant, met with the CCs to discuss the situation.
All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1201(c).

Count 12 Conspiracy to Use a Chemical Weapon (18 U.S.C. § 229(a)(2))

31. In or about March 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, did knowingly and intentionally combine, conspire, confederate, and agree with each other and with others known and unknown to knowingly use a chemical weapon, namely, chloropicrin, a toxic chemical that the defendants did not intend to use for a peaceful or other lawful purpose as defined in Title 18, United States Code,

Sections 229F(7)(A)-(D), which chemical weapon the defendants conspired to release into nightclubs in Honolulu, Hawaii.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 229(a)(2) and 229A(a)(1).

<u>Count 13</u> Use of a Chemical Weapon (18 U.S.C. §§ 229(a)(1) and 229(a)(2))

32. On or about March 4, 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, did knowingly use, and did assist and induce the use of, a chemical weapon, namely, chloropicrin, a toxic chemical that the defendants did not intend to use for a peaceful or other lawful purpose as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Sections 229F(7)(A)-(D), which chemical weapon the defendants released into a nightclub in Honolulu, Hawaii ("Nightclub-1"), and assisted and induced the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 229(a)(1), 229(a)(2), and 229A(a)(1).

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<u>Count 14</u> Use of a Chemical Weapon (18 U.S.C. §§ 229(a)(1) and 229(a)(2))

33. On or about March 5, 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL

J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendants, did knowingly

use, and did assist and induce the use of, a chemical weapon, namely, chloropicrin,

a toxic chemical that the defendants did not intend to use for a peaceful or other

lawful purpose as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Sections 229F(7)(A)-

(D), which chemical weapon the defendants released into a nightclub in Honolulu,

Hawaii ("Nightclub-2"), and assisted and induced the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 229(a)(1), 229(a)(2), and 229A(a)(1).

<u>Count 15</u> Conspiracy to Distribute and Possess With Intent to Distribute Cocaine (21 U.S.C. § 846)

34. From a precise date unknown, but by at least July 2014, and continuing to on or about July 22, 2014, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, did knowingly and intentionally combine, conspire, confederate, and agree with other persons known and unknown, to violate the controlled substances laws of the United States.

35. It was a part and an object of the conspiracy that MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and others known and unknown, would and did distribute and possess with intent to distribute a controlled substance in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 841(a)(1).

36. The controlled substance that MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, conspired to distribute and possess with intent to distribute was 5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers, a Schedule II controlled substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).

All in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 846.

Count 16 Conspiracy to Distribute and Possess With Intent to Distribute Controlled Substances (21 U.S.C. § 846)

37. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about 2016, and continuing to at least in or about August 2018, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the

defendants, did knowingly and intentionally combine, conspire, confederate, and agree with each other and other persons known and unknown, to violate the controlled substances laws of the United States.

38. It was a part and an object of the conspiracy that MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, and others known and unknown, would and did distribute and possess with intent to distribute one or more controlled substances in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 841(a)(1).

39. The controlled substances that MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," JOHN B. STANCIL, DAE HAN MOON, aka "Dayday," PRESTON M. KIMOTO, and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, conspired to distribute and possess with intent to distribute were: (1) 500 grams or more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers, a Schedule II controlled substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A); (2) five kilograms or more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A); (3) a quantity of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of

oxycodone, a Schedule II controlled substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(C); and (4) a quantity of marijuana, a Schedule I controlled substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(D).

All in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 846.

Count 17 Carrying and Using a Firearm During and in Relation to a Drug Trafficking Crime (18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A)(i))

40. From a precise date unknown, but by at least in or about 2016, and continuing to at least in or about August 2018, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, JOHN B. STANCIL and JARRIN K. YOUNG, the defendants, did knowingly carry and use at least one firearm during and in relation to a drug trafficking crime for which they may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, namely, the drug trafficking conspiracy charged in Count 16 of this Third Superseding Indictment, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A)(i) and 2.

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<u>Count 18</u> Hobbs Act Robbery (18 U.S.C. § 1951)

41. In or about 2016, within the District of Hawaii and elsewhere, JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendant, and others known and unknown, did knowingly and intentionally obstruct, delay and affect, and attempt to obstruct, delay and affect, commerce as that term is defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1951, and the movement of articles and commodities in such commerce, by robbery as that term is defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1951(b)(1), in that STANCIL and others known and unknown, did unlawfully take and obtain personal property, that is, methamphetamine, a Schedule II controlled substance, from the person and in the presence of another person ("Victim-4"), against Victim-4's will by means of actual and threatened force, violence, and fear of injury, immediate and future, to Victim-4's person, that is, STANCIL and others known and unknown did commit a gunpoint robbery of Victim-4, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1951 and 2.

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Count 19 Carrying and Using a Firearm During and in Relation to a Crime of Violence (18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A)(ii))

42. In or around 2016, within the District of Hawaii, JOHN B. STANCIL, the defendant, and others known and unknown, did knowingly carry and use at least one firearm during and in relation to a crime of violence for which they may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, namely, the Hobbs Act robbery charged in Count 18 of this Third Superseding Indictment, which firearm was brandished, and did aid and abet the same.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A)(ii) and 2.

<u>Count 20</u> Bank Fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1344(2))

43. From on or about April 21, 2017, up to and including on or about July 3, 2017, within the District of Hawaii, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," and DELIA FABRO-MISKE, the defendants, did knowingly execute a scheme and artifice to obtain moneys, funds, credits, and other property owned by, and under the custody and control of a federally insured financial institution, namely, Bank of Hawaii, by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, in that materially false documents were prepared and submitted to Bank of Hawaii as part of loan applications.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1344(2) and 2.

Count 21 Obstruction of Justice (18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(2))

44. From a precise date unknown, but by on or about September 15, 2017 and continuing to on or about August 11, 2020, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the District of Hawaii, and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, knowingly and corruptly influenced, obstructed, impeded, and attempted to influence, obstruct, and impede, an official proceeding, that is, a foreseeable criminal proceeding before a Court of the United States regarding the criminal activities of MISKE and the Miske Enterprise, by causing Individual A, a person known to the Grand Jury, to create a false character letter in the name of K.N. attesting to MISKE's good character, providing that false character letter to Delia Fabro-Miske, and causing Delia Fabro-Miske to provide that false character letter to MISKE's counsel, knowing and intending that MISKE's counsel would submit that false character letter to a Court of the United States in an official proceeding foreseeable to MISKE, and ask that Court to

consider that false character letter to decide the material issue of whether to grant MISKE's request for pretrial release, and did, in fact, cause that false letter to be submitted to, and considered by, the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, in the criminal case of *United States v. Miske, et al.*, 1:19-CR-00099-DKW-KJM, to decide the material issue of whether to grant MISKE's request for pretrial release in that official proceeding.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1512(c)(2) and 2.

Count 22 Obstruction of Justice (18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(2))

45. From a precise date unknown, but by on or about January 2, 2019 and continuing to on or about August 11, 2020, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the District of Hawaii, and elsewhere, MICHAEL J. MISKE, JR., aka "Bro," the defendant, knowingly and corruptly influenced, obstructed, impeded, and attempted to influence, obstruct, and impede, an official proceeding, that is, a foreseeable criminal proceeding before a Court of the United States regarding the criminal activities of MISKE and the Miske Enterprise, by causing Individual A, a person known to the Grand Jury, to alter a character letter in the name of L.K. attesting to MISKE's good character and provide that altered

character letter to MISKE's counsel, knowing and intending that MISKE's counsel would submit that altered character letter to a Court of the United States in an official proceeding foreseeable to MISKE, and ask that Court to consider that altered character letter to decide the material issue of whether to grant MISKE's request for pretrial release, and did, in fact, cause that altered letter to be submitted to, and considered by, the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, in the criminal case of *United States v. Miske, et al.*, 1:19-CR-00099-DKW-KJM, to decide the material issue of whether to grant MISKE's request for pretrial release in that official proceeding.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1512(c)(2) and 2.

First Forfeiture Notice

1. The allegations contained in all paragraphs of Count 1 of this Third Superseding Indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference for the purpose of noticing forfeitures pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 1963.

2. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants charged in Count 1 of this Third Superseding Indictment that, upon conviction of the offense charged in Count 1 of this Third Superseding Indictment, the government will seek forfeiture, in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 1963, of any interest the defendants have acquired or maintained in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962; of any interest in; security of; claim against; or property or contractual right of any kind affording a source of influence over; any enterprise which the defendants established, controlled, conducted, or participated in the conduct of, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962; and any property constituting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly from racketeering activity in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962, including but not limited to the following:

a. The real property located at 6 Lumahai Street, Portlock, Honolulu, Hawaii, being more particularly described as all of that certain parcel of land situated at Maunalua, Honolulu, City and County of Honolulu, State of Hawaii, being Lot H of the Koko Kai 2, Maunalua Bay View Lot Subdivision, Unit 2-C, as shown on File Plan Number 1468, filed in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii, and containing an area of 38,819 square feet, more or less, and further described as Lot 33, Plat 13, Section 9, Zone 3, in the First Taxation District of the State of Hawaii, Tax Map Key 390130330000;

b. The real property located at 614 Paokano Loop, Kailua, Hawaii, being more particularly described as that certain parcel of land situated at Kaelepulu, Kailua, District of Koolaupoko, City and County of Honolulu, State of Hawaii, being Lot 99 of the Enchanted Lake Estates, Unit Two, as shown on File Plan Number 652, filed in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii, and containing an area of 7,500 square feet, more or less, and being the same premises conveyed by deed recorded as Document No. A-45490663, and further described as Lot 47, Plat 47, Section 2, Zone 4, in the First Taxation District of the State of Hawaii, Tax Map Key 420470470000; and

c. The real property located at 559 Kumukahi Place, Hawaii Kai, Honolulu, Hawaii, being more particularly described as that certain parcel of land situated at Maunalua, City and County of Honolulu, State of Hawaii, being Lot 26 of the Hahai-Kai Marina, Unit 2-C, as shown on the map thereof filed in the official records as File Plan No. 1031, and being the same premises conveyed by warranty deed recorded on February 2, 2001, as Regular System Document No. 2001-015565, and further described as Lot 26, Plat 52, Section 9, Zone 3, in the First Taxation District of the State of Hawaii, Tax Map Key 390520260000.

3. If as a result of any act or omission of any defendant, any of the property subject to forfeiture described in paragraph 2 herein:

a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;

b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;

- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty,

the United States of America will be entitled to the forfeiture of substitute property up to the value of the property described above in paragraph 2, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 1963(m).

Second Forfeiture Notice

The allegations contained in all paragraphs of Counts 4, 5, 6, 7, 11,
18, and 20 of this Third Superseding Indictment are hereby realleged and
incorporated by reference for the purpose of noticing forfeitures pursuant to Title
18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C), and Title 28, United States Code,
Section 2461(c).

2. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants charged in Counts 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 18, and 20 of this Third Superseding Indictment that, upon conviction of the offenses charged in those counts, the government will seek forfeiture, in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), of any and all property, real or personal, that constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to the violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1201, 1344, 1951, and 1958, alleged in Counts 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 18, and 20 of this Third Superseding Indictment.

3. If by any act or omission of the defendant, any of the property subject to forfeiture described in paragraph 2 herein:

- a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty,

the United States of America will be entitled to the forfeiture of substitute property up to the value of the property described above in paragraph 2, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c).

Third Forfeiture Notice

1. The allegations contained in all paragraphs of Counts 12, 13, and 14 of this Third Superseding Indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated by

reference for the purpose of noticing forfeitures pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 229B.

2. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants charged in Counts 12, 13, and 14 of this Third Superseding Indictment that, upon conviction of the offenses charged in those counts, the government will seek forfeiture, in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 229B, of (1) any property, real or personal, owned, possessed, or used by a person involved in the offenses charged in Counts 12, 13, and 14 of this Third Superseding Indictment; (2) any property constituting, or derived from, and proceeds the person obtained, directly or indirectly, as the result of the violations of Title 18, United States Code, Section 229 charged in Counts 12, 13, and 14 of this Third Superseding Indictment; and any property used in any manner or part, to commit, or to facilitate the commission of, such violations.

3. If by any act or omission of the defendant, any of the property subject to forfeiture described in paragraph 2 herein:

- a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or

e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty,

the United States of America will be entitled to the forfeiture of substitute property up to the value of the property described above in paragraph 2, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Section 229B(b)(1).

Fourth Forfeiture Notice

1. The allegations set forth in Counts 15 and 16 of this Third Superseding Indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference for the purpose of noticing forfeitures pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853.

2. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants charged in Counts 15 and 16 of this Third Superseding Indictment that, upon conviction of the offenses charged in those counts, the government will seek forfeiture, in accordance with Title 21, United States Code, Section 853, of any and all property constituting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, as the result of such offenses and any and all property used, or intended to be used, in any manner or part, to commit, or to facilitate the commission of, the offenses charged in Counts 15 or 16 of this Third Superseding Indictment.

3. If any of the property described in paragraph 2 above, as a result of

any act or omission of the defendants:

- a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty;

the United States of America shall be entitled to forfeiture of substitute property up to the value of the property described above in paragraph 2, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p).

Fifth Forfeiture Notice

1. The allegations set forth in all counts of this Third Superseding Indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference for the purpose of noticing forfeitures pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c).

2. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants charged in

this Third Superseding Indictment that, upon conviction of the offenses charged in this Third Superseding Indictment, the government will seek forfeiture, in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d), of any firearm or ammunition involved in any knowing violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(c)(1)(A), as charged in Counts 9 and 19 of this Third Superseding Indictment; any firearm or ammunition involved in or used in any violation of any other criminal law of the United States, as charged in all counts of this Third Superseding Indictment; any firearm or ammunition intended to be used in any offense that constitutes a crime of violence as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(c)(3); and any firearm or ammunition intended to be used in any offense punishable under the Controlled Substances Act, specifically the violations of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841 and 846, charged in Counts 15 and 16 of this Third Superseding Indictment.

3. If any of the property described in paragraph 2 above, as a result of any act or omission of the defendants:

- a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or

e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty;

the United States of America shall be entitled to forfeiture of substitute property up to the value of the property described above in paragraph 2, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c).

DATED: 2022, at Honolulu, Hawaii.

CLARE E. CONNORS United States Attorney District of Hawaii

MICHAEL NAMMAR MICAH SMITH MARK A. INCIONG Assistant U.S. Attorneys

United States v. Michael J. Miske, Jr., et al. Third Superseding Indictment Cr. No. 19-00099-DKW